# **Economics Group**

Mark Vitner, Senior Economist mark.vitner@wellsfargo.com • (704) 383-5635

FARGC

## **Small Businesses Remain Unusually Cautious**

The Wells Fargo/Gallup Small Business Index fell 6 points to 17 during the third quarter, as businesses grew more concerned about sluggish demand and heightened uncertainty about the economy and public policy.

#### **Sluggish Revenue Growth Keeps Small Businesses Cautious**

The Wells Fargo/Gallup Small Business Index fell 6 points during the third quarter to 17, reflecting continued caution by business owners in regard to future economic conditions. Owners' views on current business conditions were little changed from the previous survey, with 53 percent stating that their current financial situation was either very good or somewhat good. That is essentially the same level reported in the previous four quarters and compares to a prerecession high of 75 in late 2006.

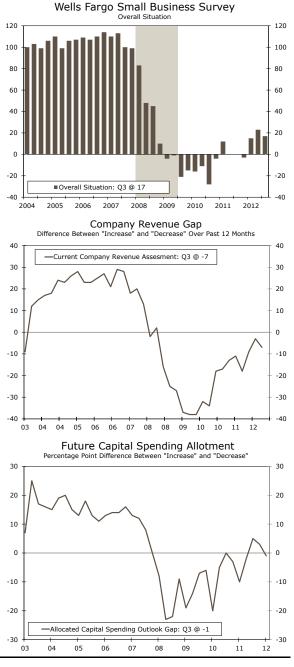
While business owners noted that their financial situation held steady, the proportion reporting revenue gains declined during the quarter, falling 5 points to 31 percent. The proportion of firms noting that revenues decreased fell during the quarter, slipping 1 point to 38 percent, while the proportion stating that revenue growth stayed the same during the quarter rose 6 points to 30 percent. With 68 percent of small businesses reporting revenues were either unchanged or down for the quarter, business owners had to focus even more attention on expense control in order to keep their finances in good shape. This is one reason why businesses have remained so reluctant to expand their operations and hire additional workers.

For the 17th consecutive quarter, more firms said they decreased capital spending over the past 12 months than reported that they increased it. The trend has become less negative, however, with the gap between those increasing and decreasing capital outlays rising from a recession low of -35 three years ago to -11 today. Of those firms that have increased capital outlays, the overwhelming majority invested in new equipment and machinery, new computers, software, website upgrades or new mobile devices. Businesses are somewhat more upbeat about future capital outlays, with just 1 percent more firms stating that they plan to decrease spending (24 percent) over the next 12 months than plan to increase it (23 percent). The remaining 52 percent say capital spending will remain the same.

Of those small businesses stating that they do not plan to make any new capital investments over the next 12 months, the top reason cited is that they are too concerned about the overall state of the economy. When asked what would make them more likely to increase capital outlays, the top response is a better sales and revenue outlook, closely followed by more certainty about their operating environment.

While small businesses are understandably frustrated by the sluggish pace of this recovery, a post-recession high of 55 percent state they are generally pleased to be a small businesses owner. Small business owners tend to be an optimistic, yet cautious, group. Most see conditions improving modestly in the economy but would prefer more clarity in future tax and regulatory policy. For the most part, small business owners see the glass as half full, the glass simply is not as large as they would like it to be.

Source: Gallup, Wells Fargo Bank and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC



## Wells Fargo Securities, LLC Economics Group

| Diane Schumaker-Krieg | Global Head of Research<br>& Economics | (704) 715-8437<br>(212) 214-5070 | diane.schumaker@wellsfargo.com  |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| John E. Silvia, Ph.D. | Chief Economist                        | (704) 374-7034                   | john.silvia@wellsfargo.com      |
| Mark Vitner           | Senior Economist                       | (704) 383-5635                   | mark.vitner@wellsfargo.com      |
| Jay Bryson, Ph.D.     | Global Economist                       | (704) 383-3518                   | jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com       |
| Eugenio Aleman, Ph.D. | Senior Economist                       | (704) 715-0314                   | eugenio.j.aleman@wellsfargo.com |
| Sam Bullard           | Senior Economist                       | (704) 383-7372                   | sam.bullard@wellsfargo.com      |
| Anika Khan            | Senior Economist                       | (704) 715-0575                   | anika.khan@wellsfargo.com       |
| Azhar Iqbal           | Econometrician                         | (704) 383-6805                   | azhar.iqbal@wellsfargo.com      |
| Tim Quinlan           | Economist                              | (704) 374-4407                   | tim.quinlan@wellsfargo.com      |
| Michael A. Brown      | Economist                              | (704) 715-0569                   | michael.a.brown@wellsfargo.com  |
| Sarah Watt            | Economic Analyst                       | (704) 374-7142                   | sarah.watt@wellsfargo.com       |
| Kaylyn Swankoski      | Economic Analyst                       | (704) 715-0526                   | kaylyn.swankoski@wellsfargo.com |
| Peg Gavin             | Executive Assistant                    | (704) 383-9613                   | peg.gavin@wellsfargo.com        |
| Cyndi Flowe           | Administrative Assistant               | (704) 715-3985                   | cyndi.h.flowe@wellsfargo.com    |

Wells Fargo Securities Economics Group publications are produced by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, a U.S broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and the Securities Investor Protection Corp. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, distributes these publications directly and through subsidiaries including, but not limited to, Wells Fargo & Company, Wells Fargo Bank N.A., Wells Fargo Advisors, LLC, Wells Fargo Securities International Limited, Wells Fargo Securities Asia Limited and Wells Fargo Securities (Japan) Co. Limited. The information and opinions herein are for general information use only. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness, nor does Wells Fargo Securities, LLC assume any liability for any loss that may result from the reliance by any person upon any such information or opinions. Such information and opinions are subject to change without notice, are for general information only and are not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sales of any security or as personalized investment advice. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is a separate legal entity and distinct from affiliated banks and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company © 2012 Wells Fargo Securities, LLC.

### Important Information for Non-U.S. Recipients

For recipients in the EEA, this report is distributed by Wells Fargo Securities International Limited ("WFSIL"). WFSIL is a U.K. incorporated investment firm authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority. The content of this report has been approved by WFSIL a regulated person under the Act. WFSIL does not deal with retail clients as defined in the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2007. The FSA rules made under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 for the protection of retail clients will therefore not apply, not will the Financial Services Compensation Scheme be available. This report is not intended for, and should not be relied upon by, retail clients. This document and any other materials accompanying this document (collectively, the "Materials") are provided for general informational purposes only.

### SECURITIES: NOT FDIC-INSURED/NOT BANK-GUARANTEED/MAY LOSE VALUE